





Anna Tatar i Nosizo Zondo

- 1. What was apartheid?
- 2. Who was Nelson Mandela?
- 3. Who was Chris Hani?
- 4. Why is Janusz Waluś popular with extremist organisations in Poland?
- 5. What can you do to oppose hate speech and discrimination?

- 1. Apartheid is a system of racial discrimination, which was implemented in South Africa from 1948 to 1994. It discriminated between whites, blacks and so-called coloureds. Whites subjected blacks and so-called coloureds to segregation, discrimination and persecution. Laws were passed that forbade mixed marriages and enforced the separation, for example in offices and shops. Apartheid was considered a crime against humanity.
- 2. Nelson Mandela (1918-2013) became the symbol of African resistance against apartheid. He was the leader of the African National Congress (ANC) movement, which fought for equal rights for the black population and for a democratic system in South Africa. Mandela spent 27 years in prison. He was the most famous political prisoner in the world at the time and a symbol of the fight against racism. His release was sought by many governments, international organisations and intellectuals. In 1994, Mandela became the first black president of South Africa. A year earlier (1993) he had been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.
- 3. Chris Hani (1942-1993) was one of Nelson Mandela's closest associates and the charismatic leader of the militant wing of the African National Congress (ANC) and general secretary of the Communist Party of South Africa. He fought for the abolition of racial discrimination. He was assassinated by Janusz Waluś in 1993.
- 4. For several years now, fascist organisations in Poland have been creating a cult of the figure of Janusz Waluś and praising his racially motivated murder. Expressions of support for Waluś are visible, among other things, on banners in stadiums and during far-right demonstrations. Support for him was also expressed by local politicians and MPs of the Confederation, who submitted appeals on his behalf.
- 5 Everyone can express their opposition to hate speech and discrimination. Among other things, you can report racist and xenophobic posts, videos and graphics that you find on social media. You can draw attention to your friends who make offensive comments against people belonging to minorities in your presence. You can also volunteer with the "NEVER AGAIN" Association. We are happy to work together with all those who share values like diversity, respect for diversity and social sensitivity. Feel free to contact us!



You can find more information about these issues here:

1. Apartheid

www.nigdywiecej.org/magazyn-nigdy-wiecej/e-zine/download/4960-witold-liliental-afryka-poludniowa-kraj-mojej-mlodosci-e-zine-nigdy-wiecej-nr-6-2020

www.unic.un.org.pl/dyskryminacja/fd apartheid.php

www.national-geographic.pl/artykul/dzien-w-ktorym-skonczyl-sie-apartheid

2. Nelson Mandela:

www.nigdywiecej.org/pdf/pl/pismo/21/nelson mandela.pdf

www.europarl.europa.eu/sakharovprize/pl/nelson-rolihlahla-mandela-1988-south-afr/products-details/20200330CAN54162

film "Mandela: Droga do wolności" (www.filmweb.pl/film/Mandela %3A+Droga+do+wolno%C5%9Bci-2013-665122)

3. Chris Hani:

www.wyborcza.pl/7,75398,21660769,kim-byl-chris-hani-ofiara-janusza-walusia-chcial-sprawiedliwosci.html

www.nigdywiecej.org//docstation/com_docstation/63/korzyckiwalus_wyklety.pdf

www.nigdywiecej.org//docstation/com_docstation/63/w._ferfecki_janusz_walus_zostaje_w_wiezieniu._rzeczpospolita_5.09.2017..pdf

www.nigdywiecej.org//docstation/com_docstation/63/m._orlowski_janusz _walus_znowu_nie_wyjdzie_na_wolnosc._wyborcza.pl_16.01.2019.pdf

4. About the Waluś cult: :

www.youtube.com/watch?v=1 YBIkXAvbE&t=2s

www.youtube.com/watch?v=Lh5PQlJgSYY

www.nigdywiecej.org/multimedia/materialy-video/materialy-video-z-roku-2018/3854-anna-tatar-o-rasistowskim-zabojcy-januszu-walusiu-i-jego-kulcie-wsrod-skrajnej-prawicy-25-01-2018

www.nigdywiecej.org/czytelnia/publikacje-dokumentujace-dzialalnosc-stowarzyszenia-nigdy-wiecej/prasa/download/4997-a-kaminska-ambasada-rpa-pyta-gdansk-o-baner-z-walusiem-wywiad-z-anna-tatar-dziennik-baltycki-26-27-09-2020

www.nigdywiecej.org/komunikaty/komunikaty/185-rok-2020/4402-rasizm-wrocil-na-stadiony

5. The "NEVER AGAIN" Association:

www.facebook.com/respect.diversity/

twitter.com/StowNIGDYWIECEJ

www.nigdywiecej.org/o-nas/co-ty-mozesz-zrobic

www.nigdywiecej.org/multimedia

www.nigdywiecej.org/czytelnia

Anna Tatar - PhD in humanities, representative of the anti-racist 'NEVER AGAIN' Association. Co-editor of the "Brown Book" monitoring racist and xenophobic incidents.

Nosizo Zondo - born in Zimbabwe, later moved to South Africa where she graduated in law. She started a master's degree in human rights before deciding to come and study nursing in Poland. She is an associate of the "NEVER AGAIN" Association.







